Information Regarding MENINGOCOCCAL DISEASE

Student Name: ___________________________ Date of Birth: ___________________________

Date: ____________________________________________________________________________

Student ID (CWID): __________________________________________________________________

For all public or nonpublic postsecondary education institutions in Colorado, the state law requires that each incoming freshman student residing in student housing, as defined by the institution, or any student who the institution requires to complete and return a standard certificate indicating immunizations received by the student as a requirement for residing in student housing, be provided with the information below. If the student is under the age of 18 years, the student’s parent or guardian must be provided with this information.

- Meningococcal disease is a serious disease, caused by bacteria.
- Meningococcal disease is a contagious, but a largely preventable, infection of the spinal cord fluid and the fluid that surrounds the brain. Meningococcal disease can also cause blood infections.
- About 2,600 people get meningococcal disease each year in the United States; 10 to 15 percent of these people die, in spite of treatment with antibiotics. Of those who live, another 10 percent lose their arms or legs, become deaf, have problems with their nervous system, become mentally retarded, or suffer seizures or strokes.
- Anyone can get meningococcal disease, but it is most common in infants less than one year of age and in people with certain medical conditions. Scientific evidence suggests that college students living in dormitory facilities are at a modestly increased risk of contracting meningococcal disease.
- Immunization against meningococcal disease decreases the risk of contracting the disease. Meningococcal vaccine can prevent four types of meningococcal disease; these include two of the three most common in the United States. Meningococcal vaccine cannot prevent all types of the disease, but it does help to protect many people who might become sick if they do not get the vaccine.
- A vaccine, like any medicine, is capable of causing serious problems, such as severe allergic reactions. The risk of the meningococcal vaccine causing serious harm, or death, is extremely small. Getting a meningococcal vaccine is much safer than getting the disease.
- More information can be obtained from the Vaccine Information Statement available at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/vis/default.htm. Students and their parents should discuss the risks and benefits of vaccination with their health care providers.

PLEASE... ONLY CHECK ONE BOX BELOW:

☐ Student obtained the meningococcal vaccination on ______________ (mm/dd/yyyy) – verified on attached immunization record. The duration of the vaccine is three to five years. If the vaccine was received prior to age 15, a booster is required.

☐ Please check to indicate that you have reviewed the information on meningococcal disease and have decided that the student will not obtain a vaccination against meningococcal disease.

Signature (student or parent/guardian, if student is under the age of 18 years): ___________________________________________________________